# metal-organic papers

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#### Key indicators

Single-crystal X-ray study T = 150 KMean  $\sigma(\text{C-C}) = 0.008 \text{ Å}$  R factor = 0.021 wR factor = 0.054 Data-to-parameter ratio = 13.8

For details of how these key indicators were automatically derived from the article, see http://journals.iucr.org/e.

# catena-Poly[1-methylpiperazinium [[aquadioxouranium(VI)]-di- $\mu$ -sulfato- $\kappa^4 O:O'$ ]]

The title compound,  $[C_5H_{14}N_2][UO_2(H_2O)(SO_4)_2]$ , contains anionic  $[UO_2(H_2O)(SO_4)_2]^{2-}$  chains with 1-methylpiperazinium cations balancing the charge. Each  $U^{VI}$  atom is seven-coordinate in a pentagonal bipyramidal geometry, and each sulfate tetrahedron bridges two adjacent uranium centres. Neighbouring chains hydrogen bond to one another though the bound water molecules. Received 23 May 2003 Accepted 2 June 2003 Online 17 June 2003

## Comment

The chemistry of open-framework metal phosphates is well known (Cheetham et al., 1999). Despite the depth of this investigation, little effort has been expended upon the analogous sulfate systems. Reports of organically templated metal sulfates have only appeared in the literature in the last two years. Compounds incorporating Sc (Bull et al., 2002), V (Paul, Choudhury, Nagarajan & Rao, 2003; Khan et al., 1999), Cd (Paul, Choudhury & Rao, 2002b; Choudhury et al., 2001), Fe (Paul, Choudhury & Rao, 2002a, b, 2003; Paul, Choudhury, Sampathkumaran & Rao, 2002), Ce (Wang et al., 2002), La (Bataille & Louer, 2002; Xing et al., 2003) and U (Doran et al., 2002; Norquist, Thomas et al., 2002, Norquist, Doran et al., 2003; Thomas et al., 2003) are known. These compounds exhibit great structural diversity, with structures ranging from molecular anions to three-dimensional microporous materials. This report contains the synthesis and structure of an organically templated uranium(VI) sulfate: [C5H14N2][UO2- $(H_2O)(SO_4)_2$ ], (I), is denoted USO-22 (uranium sulfate from Oxford).



One unique uranium centre is present in USO-22. U1 is seven coordinate, in a pentagonal bipyramidal geometry. Two short 'uranyl' bonds to axial oxides are observed. The U1-O1 and U1-O2 bond lengths are 1.780 (3) and 1.776 (3) Å, respectively. These values are close to the average reported value of 1.758 (3) Å (Burns *et al.*, 1997), and the O1-U1-O2 angle is close to  $180^{\circ}$ , with a value of  $178.31 (15)^{\circ}$ . Four of the five equatorial coordination sites around U1 are occupied by oxide ligands that bridge U1 and a sulfur centre, through distances ranging between 2.332 (3) and 2.405 (3) Å. The fifth equatorial coordination site is occupied by a bound water molecule through a longer U-O bond; the length of U1-O3 is 2.479 (4) Å. Two distinct sulfur sites are observed in

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Figure 1

Chains in USO-22. Green pentagonal bipyramids and blue tetrahedra represent [UO<sub>7</sub>] and [SO<sub>4</sub>] respectively.

USO-22. Both S1 and S2 occupy the centre of [SO<sub>4</sub>] tetrahedra. Each sulfur centre is bound to two O atoms that bridge adjacent uranium centres and to two terminal O atoms. The bonds to bridging O are longer than those to terminal O. The ranges of S-O<sub>bridging</sub> and S-O<sub>terminal</sub> bond lengths are 1.483 (3) to 1.506 (3) and 1.453 (4) to 1.467 (3) Å, respectively.

Chains are formed as each uranium centre is connected to two others through four bridging sulfate tetrahedra. This chain structure is known in uranium chemistry (Thomas et al., 2003; Norquist et al., 2002, 2003; Tabachenko et al., 1984). Successive chains hydrogen bond to one another, forming pseudo lavers (Fig. 1). These 'layers' lie in the (011) plane, and stack in an *aa* sequence(Fig. 2). A displacement ellipsoid plot is shown in Fig. 3.

## **Experimental**

0.3150 g (7.43  $\times$   $10^{-4}\,mol)$  of UO\_2(CH\_3CO\_2)\_2 \cdot 2H\_2O, 0.4210 g (4.20  $\times$  $10^{-3}$  mol) of H\_2SO\_4, 0.0288 g (2.50  $\times$   $10^{-4}$  mol) of 1-amino-4methylpiperazine and 0.9930 g (5.52  $\times$  10<sup>-2</sup> mol) of water were placed into a 23 ml teflon-lined autoclave. The autoclave was heated to 453 K for 24 h, at which point it was slowly cooled to 297 K over an additional 24 h. The autoclave was opened in air and the products recovered by filtration.

## Crystal data

$\begin{array}{l} (C_{3}H_{14}N_{2})[UO_{2}(H_{2}O)(SO_{4})_{2}]\\ M_{r} = 582.35\\ \text{Triclinic, } P\overline{1}\\ a = 8.0031 (2) \text{ Å}\\ b = 8.1873 (2) \text{ Å}\\ c = 10.8911 (3) \text{ Å}\\ \alpha = 72.704 (1)^{\circ}\\ \beta = 81.7766 (11)^{\circ}\\ \gamma = 78.7917 (9)^{\circ}\\ V = 665.60 (3) \text{ Å}^{3}\\ \end{array}$	Z = 2 $D_x = 2.906 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K\$\alpha\$ radiation Cell parameters from 2832 reflections $\theta = 5-27^{\circ}$ $\mu = 12.57 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 150  K Block, yellow $0.10 \times 0.10 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$
Enraf-Nonius KappaCCD	3026 independent reflections
diffractometer	2640 reflections with $I > 3\sigma(I)$
$\omega$ scans	$R_{int} = 0.02$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$\theta_{max} = 27.5^{\circ}$
(Otwinowski & Minor, 1997)	$h = -10 \rightarrow 10$
$T_{min} = 0.28, T_{max} = 0.28$	$k = -10 \rightarrow 10$
5594 measured reflections	$l = -13 \rightarrow 14$



Figure 2

Three-dimensional packing of USO-22. Green pentagonal bipyramids and blue tetrahedra represent [UO<sub>7</sub>] and [SO<sub>4</sub>] respectively.





Displacement ellipsoid plot of the title compound, with the atomic numbering scheme. Ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. Hydrogen atoms have been removed for clarity.

### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Weighting scheme: see text
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.021$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
$wR(F^2) = 0.054$	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.99 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm A}^{-3}$
S = 1.01	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.92 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
2640 reflections	Extinction correction: Larson
191 parameters	(1970), equation 22
H-atom parameters constrained	Extinction coefficient: 16.5 (15)

### Table 1

Selected geometric parameters (Å, °).

U1-01	1.780 (3)	\$2-06	1.483 (3)
U1-O2	1.776 (3)	S2-O7	1.497 (3)
U1-O3	2.479 (4)	S2-O10	1.458 (4)
U1-O4	2.335 (3)	S2-O11	1.467 (3)
U1-O5	2.332 (3)	N1-C1	1.527 (7)
U1-O6	2.405 (3)	N1-C4	1.488 (6)
$U1-O7^{i}$	2.342 (3)	N1-C5	1.496 (7)
S1-O4	1.506 (3)	N2-C2	1.515 (7)
$S1-O5^{ii}$	1.496 (3)	N2-C3	1.485 (7)
S1-O8	1.453 (4)	C1-C2	1.516 (8)
S1-O9	1.458 (4)	C3-C4	1.508 (7)
O1-U1-O2	178.31 (15)	$O5 - U1 - O7^{i}$	144.81 (12)
O1-U1-O3	89.18 (15)	$O6 - U1 - O7^{i}$	74.35 (11)
O1-U1-O4	90.83 (14)	$O4-S1-O5^{ii}$	105.6 (2)
O1-U1-O5	91.77 (14)	O4-S1-O8	109.0 (2)
O1-U1-O6	91.66 (14)	O4-S1-O9	110.9 (2)
$O1-U1-O7^{i}$	90.42 (14)	$05^{ii} - S1 - 08$	109.4 (2)
O2-U1-O3	89.25 (14)	$O5^{ii} - S1 - O9$	110.3 (2)
O2-U1-O4	89.29 (14)	O8-S1-O9	111.4 (2)
O2-U1-O5	89.88 (14)	O6-S2-O7	106.5 (2)
O2-U1-O6	89.21 (14)	O6-S2-O10	110.8 (2)
$O2 - U1 - O7^{i}$	88.42 (14)	O6-S2-O11	109.2 (2)
O3-U1-O4	72.07 (12)	O7-S2-O10	110.5 (2)
O3-U1-O5	146.50 (12)	O7-S2-O11	108.6 (2)
O3-U1-O6	142.97 (11)	O10-S2-O11	111.2 (2)
$O3 - U1 - O7^{i}$	68.63 (12)	U1-O4-S1	132.9 (2)
O4-U1-O5	74.44 (11)	U1-O5-S1 <sup>ii</sup>	141.6 (2)
O4-U1-O6	144.89 (11)	U1-O6-S2	137.6 (2)
$O4 - U1 - O7^{i}$	140.65 (12)	$U1^{1}-O7-S2$	139.7 (2)
O5-U1-O6	70.48 (11)		

Symmetry codes: (i) -1 - x, 1 - y, 2 - z; (ii) -1 - x, -y, 3 - z.

Table 2	
Hydrogen-bonding geometry (	Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdots A$
N1-H3···S2	1.00	2.81	3.687 (5)	147
N1-H3···O11	1.00	2.14	2.982 (6)	141
O3−H2···S2 <sup>iii</sup>	1.00	2.92	3.786 (4)	145
$O3-H2$ ··· $O11^{iv}$	1.00	1.89	2.838 (5)	157
$N2-H8\cdots O2^{v}$	1.00	2.27	2.924 (5)	122
$C4-H13\cdots O5^{v}$	1.00	2.37	3.364 (7)	169
$N2-H8\cdots O9^{v}$	1.00	1.92	2.761 (6)	140
$C2-H7\cdots O6^{vi}$	1.00	2.41	3.184 (8)	134
N2-H9···O10 <sup>vii</sup>	1.00	1.88	2.780 (7)	147

Symmetry codes: (iii) x - 1, y, z; (iv) x, y, z; (v) -x, -y, 2 - z; (vi) -x, 1 - y, 2 - z; (vii) 1 + x, y, z.

A Chebychev polynomial was used for the weighting scheme, with five parameters (Carruthers & Watkin, 1979), 8.86, 4.95, 9.20, 0.0122, 2.37. H atoms were placed geometrically after each cycle.

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Nonius, 1997); cell refinement: *DENZO* and *SCALEPACK* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: *DENZO* and *SCALEPACK*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR92* (Altomare *et al.* 1994); program(s) used to refine structure: *CRYSTALS* (Watkin *et al.*, 2001); molecular graphics: *CAMERON* (Watkin *et al.*, 2001); software used to prepare material for publication: *CRYSTALS*.

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